

NASA's Socio-Economic Impacts Aligned with the 2014 Strategic Plan

March 2014



VISION

We reach for new heights and reveal the unknown for the benefit of humankind.

MISSION

Drive advances in science, technology, aeronautics, and space exploration to enhance knowledge, education, innovation, economic vitality, and stewardship of Earth.

CORE VALUES

- Safety
- Integrity
- Teamwork
- Excellence

OVERARCHING APPROACH

Invest in next-generation technologies and approaches to spur innovation;

Inspire students to be our future scientists, engineers, explorers, and educators through interactions with NASA's people, missions, research, and facilities;

Expand partnerships with international, intergovernmental, academic, industrial, and entrepreneurial communities, recognizing their roles as important contributors of skill and creativity to our missions and for the propagation of our results;

Commit to environmental stewardship through Earth observation and science, and the development and use of green technologies and capabilities in NASA missions and facilities; and

Safeguard the public trust through transparency and accountability in our programmatic and financial management, procurement, and reporting practices.

NASA's Strategic Goals

NASA plays a critical role in the national economy by:

- Driving technology and accelerating U.S. industry
- Spurring innovation and growth
- Building and sharing knowledge
- Promoting collaboration with U.S. industry
- Enhancing safety and quality of life
- Creating economic opportunities and public value

GOAL 1:

Expand the frontiers of knowledge, capability, and opportunity in space

These goals build upon accomplishments NASA has made in the areas of science. technology, and education







Serve the American public and accomplish our Mission by effectively managing our people, technical capabilities. and infrastructure



GOAL 2:

Advance understanding of Earth and develop technologies to improve the quality of life on our home planet



Strategic Goal 1:

Expand the frontiers of knowledge, capability, and opportunity in space

Science

Expand the frontiers of knowledge, capability, and opportunity in space

10,000

Scientific published papers based on data from NASA's Hubble Space Telescope

NASA missions continuously observing the Sun for science and space weather forecasting

LIDAR technology from NASA Mars landers currently used with cameras in cars and trucks to avert collisions

Miniaturized camera technology originally used on spacecraft now used in 1 out of 3 cellphone cameras

NASA-developed in-ear infrared thermometers technology used by billions of people worldwide to measure instantaneous body temperature



NASA's science mission covers the Earth, the Sun, the solar system, and the universe. Results inform how the Earth works as a system, how it compares to other planets, how space weather impacts our lives, and our understanding of the universe's composition

The International Space Station

Expand the frontiers of knowledge, capability, and opportunity in space

People who have visited the ISS by the end of 2013

1,500 Scientific investigations performed aboard the ISS from 1998 to 2013

1,400 Peer-reviewed published papers featuring research conducted on ISS from 1998 to 2013

42 Students reached through ISS educational events from 1998 to 2013

Estimated future commercial revenue from Falcon 9 and Antares launches booked by private sector (as of Feb 2014)

ISS research has contributed to advances in health, environmental sciences, education, and has helped revitalize the U.S. launch industry

NASA Collaboration

Expand the frontiers of knowledge, capability, and opportunity in space

5,000

Participants across 117 teams in NASA Challenges work to solve some of the Agency's toughest problems

People from over 80 countries 1.2M+ participating in NASA citizen scientist projects

7,000

Businesses and other organizations that had contracts with NASA in 2013

1,300

Research projects funded in 2013

500

Companies collaborate with NASA to perform work documented in Space Act Agreements

Agreements with international entities from 28 countries were signed in 2013



NASA works with U.S. industry, academia, and international partners to expand the frontiers of knowledge, capability, and opportunity in space

Commercial Cargo

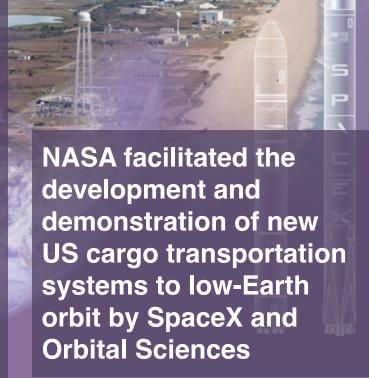
Serve the American public and accomplish our Mission by effectively managing our people, technical capabilities, and infrastructure

\$782M NASA investment resulting in two new launch vehicles, two new autonomous spacecraft, and two new launch complexes and mission control centers for less than half the cost to develop these new capabilities

First NASA program since development of the Space Shuttle to successfully result in new integrated space transportation systems capable of carrying cargo to and from LEO

Follow-on CRS operational missions eliminated the need to purchase Progress cargo missions to the ISS from Russia, reestablishing ISS cargo return capability in the US

Recapturing launch market share with U.S. commercial capabilities—50 government and commercial launches on SpaceX manifest alone



Strategic Goal 2:

Advance understanding of Earth and develop technologies to improve the quality of life on our home planet

Earth Observation

Advance understanding of Earth and develop technologies to improve the quality of life on our home planet

Volume of data stored at **9.8PB** NASA's Earth Observation System Data and Information System (EOSDIS) by FY 2013

636M Data products downloaded from EOSDIS

Downloads of scenes captured by NASA Earth observing missions conducted or under development since 1960 NASA**built Landsat**

NASA Earth observing missions conducted or under development since 1960

NASA Earth Science 82% satellites in 20 interagency and satellites in 2013 through international partnerships



In partnership with the U.S. Forest Service, NASA's Ikhana remotely piloted Predator B aircraft was used to develop imaging and mapping techniques to fight wildfires

The Moderate Resolution Imaging Spectroradiometer (MODIS) on NASA's Aqua satellite was used to identify hotspots during the 2013 Yosemite wildfires

Aeronautics

Advance understanding of Earth and develop technologies to improve the quality of life on our home planet

\$1,700

Estimated per flight cost savings due to introduction of NASA-developed air traffic management concepts and decision support tools, in partnership with the FAA and airlines

\$300M

Estimated savings to the air traffic control system expected when jointly developed NASA and FAA concepts to better manage aircraft operations near congested terminals are adopted

5 min

98% reduction in analysis time (from 180-240 minutes to 5 minutes) using NASA-developed static code analyzer that automatically reviews large-scale software systems for errors without needing to run the software

4B gal

Amount of jet fuel saved by aircraft using NASA-developed winglets and reducing carbon dioxide emissions by 43M tons

50%

Reduction in repair time due to data from NASA-developed small, embedded wireless sensors in helicopter blades



The U.S. aviation industry accounts for \$1.3 trillion in economic activity and 10 million jobs. Every U.S. commercial aircraft and U.S. air traffic control tower has NASA-developed technology on board.

Knowledge Transfer

Advance understanding of Earth and develop technologies to improve the quality of life on our home planet

1,600

Potential new inventions generated by NASA civil servants and contractors in FY 2013

2,150

Number of new domestic partnerships or technology transfer agreements, which includes Space Act Agreements and Software Usage Agreements and Licenses in FY 2013

1,000

Number of agreements with federal, state, and local governments

500

Number of companies NASA collaborates with using Space Act Agreements

1,800

Documented spinoffs from NASA technologies that have been commercialized, ranging from innovative manufacturing techniques to new materials

Estimated number of cell phones sold each year since 2010 using NASA-developed imaging semiconductors

500 yrs Length of time a semiconductor can last based on NASA-developed manufacturing techniques



NASA transfers its knowledge, products, services and processes to spur innovation in U.S. industry and help American businesses grow.

Strategic Goal 3:

Serve the American public and accomplish our Mission by effectively managing our people, technical capabilities, and infrastructure

NASA Centers

Serve the American public and accomplish our Mission by effectively managing our people, technical capabilities, and infrastructure



NASA and its Government Partners

Serve the American public and accomplish our Mission by effectively managing our people, technical capabilities, and infrastructure

870 active interagency agreements with NASA Federal partners. Examples include:

Longstanding partnership with National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration on weather satellites

Four-decade initiative with the U.S. Geological Survey on land-remote sensing programs, such as Landsat

Partnering with the Federal Aviation Administration to develop standards for emerging commercial human space flight and to enable the Next Generation Air Transportation System, or NextGen

Close coordination with Department of Defense on engine development for space launch, on potential future space systems like space planes, and on unmanned aerial vehicles.



NASA works extensively with its federal partners to share expertise and facilities to avoid duplication of effort and maximize mission objectives

Collaboration with federal partners advances research and cutting edge technologies

Education and Outreach

Serve the American public and accomplish our Mission by effectively managing our people, technical capabilities, and infrastructure

1 B Number of visits and downloads of NASA datasets in 2012

60M Number of views of NASA educational websites each year

12M Number of Twitter followers, more than any other government agency

1.5 Number of NASA mentions in English language academic articles during the previous decade

9,000+ Number of students who applied for NASA internships in FY 2013

1,200+ Number of NASA internships awarded to in

50% Percentage of world renowned scientists who cite Apollo as a major reason they pursued a science career



In 2012, the Curiosity rover landing on Mars was viewed 3.2 million times

NASA has won multiple Shorty Awards for best government use of social media and emphasis on getting children interested in space



NASA's Annual Socio-economic Impacts

Expand the frontiers of knowledge. capability, and opportunity in space



10,000

Papers based on **Hubble Space Telescope** data published

Research projects funded by NASA

7,000

contracts between NASA and businesses

> NASA has contracts with companies in all 50 states

1.000

Requests by U.S. industry for human spaceflight technologies

\$1.5B

Estimated value of private sector bookings for Falcon 9 and Antares launches

> 200 people have visited the ISS

1,500 investigations conducted on ISS



Advance understanding of Earth and develop technologies to improve the quality of life on our home planet



636 million

EOSDIS imagery data downloads

3 million

Landsat scenes downloaded

4 billion gallons

Jet fuel saved due to use of NASA-developed winglets on aircraft

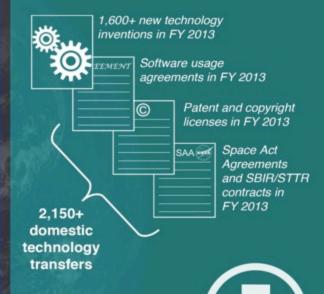
\$1,700 \(\tau \)

Amount saved per flight due to use of NASA-developed air traffic control technologies

Percentage of baby food that 90% has a nutritional supplement identified via NASA research

Lives saved from using NASA-developed satellite tracking systems

Serve the American public and accomplish our Mission by effectively managing our people, technical capabilities, and infrastructure





Twitter followers (NASA programs, people, and centers)



Visits and downloads of

NASA datasets in 2012

Views of educational websites per year

Conclusion

For less than half a percent of the federal budget, NASA is immersed in some of the greatest challenges in science and technology, learning from the past and planning decades into the future

In the course of accomplishing its mission, NASA plays a critical role in the national economy by:

- Driving technology and accelerating U.S. industry
- Spurring innovation and growth
- Building and sharing knowledge
- Promoting collaboration with U.S. industry
- Enhancing safety and quality of life
- Creating economic opportunities and public value

For additional information please visit:

The NASA Socio-Economics Report by the Office of Strategy Formulation http://www.nasa.gov/sites/default/files/files/SEINSI FinalReport April13.pdf

Measuring the Socio-Economics of Earth Observations by the Earth Science Division http://appliedsciences.nasa.gov/pdf/SocioeconomicImpactsPrimer.pdf